

Ruler of Tiny Kingdom Will Not Be Bluffed by Great Power



NICHOLAS OF MONTENEGRO.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)

MEMPHIS, Tennessee, March 21.—(Special to The Advertiser)—Twelve persons are reported to have met death and nearly two hundred others injured, some probably fatally, in a tornado which last night swept Arkansas and Missouri, razing whole towns.

Four persons are reported dead and fifty injured at Hoxie, Arkansas, which was very badly damaged by the storm.

Seven are reported dead and one hundred injured at Poplar Bluff, Missouri, and one dead and ten injured at Walnut Ridge, Arkansas.

Poplar Bluff was badly damaged.

Five persons were killed and thirty others injured last night in a cyclone which destroyed Salina, Louisiana, where sixty buildings were demolished.

Crop Damage Heavy.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)

CHICAGO, March 21.—(Special to The Advertiser)—The entire Middle West is shivering tonight in one of the worst blizzards of the winter.

Wire service is crippled and street-car traffic demoralized.

Twenty States are gripped in the storm and the damage to crops in the Middle West alone will run into millions. All the railroad traffic is at a stand still.

It is feared that when the wires are restored the reports may show that deaths have been numerous.

Several fatalities are reported in Ohio and Indiana. Several persons were injured in the gale in Indianapolis. The damage throughout the State is reported heavy.

One fatality is reported in the eighty-mile gale which is sweeping Michigan. Great havoc is being done to the buildings throughout the State.

POSSIBILITY OF BIG WAR IS STRONGER.

FRANCO-GERMAN CONFLICT IS NEARER NOW THAN FOR TEN YEARS PAST.

LONDON, March 21.—(Special to The Advertiser)—King Nicholas of Montenegro today replied to the peremptory demands made by Austria yesterday, in connection with the Montenegrin bombardment of Scutari.

Although the note is conciliatory in tone, it refuses most of Austria's demands. He says he has ordered that the bombardment be directed only against the fort and that the rest of the city shall not be shelled.

AUSTRIA NOT SATISFIED.

VIENNA, March 21.—(Special to The Advertiser)—The Austrian-Hungarian government is preparing an ultimatum to Montenegro, according to an unofficial statement today. The ultimatum was decided upon, it is said, owing to the unsatisfactory nature of the reply to the Austrian remonstrances regarding Scutari.

LONDON, March 21.—(Special to The Advertiser)—Austria, probably with the assistance of Italy, is contemplating isolated action to stop the bombardment of Scutari. It is alleged that the Montenegrin and Serbian guns are now being directed against the town, instead of the fortress. Austria's object is to finally enforce the Powers' decision that Albania shall be an autonomous state and that Scutari shall remain part of it.

Of course, Montenegro and Serbia first will be given the opportunity of withdrawing from the task of subduing the town, which even if its capture occurs, according to the Powers, must be given up by the Allies.

FLEET HAS SAILED.

Part of the Austrian fleet already has left for the Montenegrin and Serbian coasts, and while it is announced officially that the object of the warships is to carry out maneuvers, it is apparent that their presence is to impress Montenegro and Serbia with the determination of Austria to prevent the further encroachment of the civilian quarter of Scutari and to obtain satisfaction for the alleged forcible conversion of Catholics and interference with the Austrian steamer Skodra.

DENIES THE CHARGES.

M. Popovich, the Montenegrin delegate now in London, declares that the statements on which the Austrian complaints are based are untrue in part and of small importance otherwise.

PRESIDENT BOBILIA DEAD.

TEGUIGUILLA, Honduras, March 21.—(Associated Press Cable to the Star-Bulletin)—President Bobilia died here today.

MOSLEM VICTORY AT SEA IS REPORTED OVER GREEK SHIPS.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)

LONDON, March 21.—(Special to The Advertiser)—The Turkish cruiser Hamidieh has sunk two Greek gunboats in a battle in the Aegean Sea. Dispatches received here today state that the news comes from Alexandria, where it was taken by the Khedive's yacht, arriving with fugitives from Kuala. The yacht picked up a wireless message reporting the Moslem victory near the Island of Thos, off the bay of Kavala.

The loss of life is said to be at least 500.

characterized the recent French government, the present head of the Republic means, at least, to try to reconquer for France some of her lost prestige in the concert of the Powers, as well as to break the political power of Berlin in Europe, objects whose accomplishment must involve a resort to arms.

Depends on Germany.

"The situation," he continued, "remains at present principally dependent on Germany's action."

"Will the Berlin war party let pass forever their undoubted chance to force the Kaiser into war? If Germany postpones the occasion till later it will be only to find a French army far better prepared to meet her than the present French army is."

"Germany, if she acts soon, will also be certainly able to count on half of Austria and Italy as against any move by the Russians toward protecting their slow brethren in the Balkans, a certain which becomes continually weaker as the old Kaiser of Austria becomes older and the victorious Balkans continue to loom on the horizon as a more practicable possibility."

Believes Britain Faithless.

"I'm inclined," continued the diplomat, "never within the past ten years, not even during the Boer and Moroccan crises, has a Franco-German war been nearer in sight. Germany builds confidently on two reasons, namely, first, that England's policy with regard to the French amounts merely to a determination to use the French army and navy should events ever force that necessity; second, that England is determined to be no party to any triple alliance which would involve her, should one of the constituent parties other than herself be attacked."

"In other words, Germany feels that Britain's regard for France is essentially selfish, and that any upheaval involving France as a principal will find Britain as perfidious as ever."

Churchill's Visit.

PARIS, March 21.—The visit to France of Mr. Winston Churchill, first lord of the British admiralty, is regarded as an additional and timely rivet in the Anglo-French entente, which from a naval and military point of view has assumed all the advantages of an alliance. The conversations at Toulon between Mr. Churchill and M. Pierre Baudin, French minister of war, concerned the features of naval cooperation of the British and French fleets in the event of war, especially with a view to assuring for France the safe sea transportation of troops to Morocco.

Moreover, the tri-centennial celebration of the Romanoff dynasty on Thursday was the occasion of an exchange of diplomatic and military views between the French and Russian governments tending to give greater and wider effect in Europe to the new conditions assumed by the enormous increase of the Russian and French armies, which will soon be accomplished. Thus, during the last few days, the political aspects of the triple entente between France, Russia and Britain are closer from a military point of view than ever.

French Socialists.

The Socialists, led by M. Juarez, tried to drown the voice of the minister of war in the chamber of deputies, on March 6, when the military bill was before that body.

President Deschanel said at the time: "Let them continue; the country will judge."

The country's first judgment was rendered at Nice yesterday. M. Juarez tried to deliver a lecture, but the audience would not allow him to proceed. It sang the "Marseillaise" and other national songs until he was obliged to quit the hall. The demonstration was renewed later outside the hotel at which he was staying.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)

WASHINGTON, March 21.—(Special to The Advertiser)—As the result of conferences between Rear Admiral Stanford, chief of the bureau of yards and docks, and S. C. Hinder, president of the San Francisco Bridge Company, contractors for the construction of the great Pearl Harbor drydock, a complete change of the plan of work is to be made if Secretary Daniels approves.

The recent accident to the great dock demonstrated the impracticability of laying the concrete flooring through pipes from the surface of the water. It is now contemplated to have the bottom of the dock covered with great monoliths of concrete, some of them weighing as much as twenty-five tons each. These blocks are to be united into one great piece by filling the interstices with liquid cement, which is expected to insure a water-tight and strong bottom.

The change of plan, it is believed, will not involve additional cost and will not delay the completion of the dock beyond the time recently set.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)

WASHINGTON, March 21.—(Special to The Advertiser)—Conclusion of the United States Health Service surgeons, so far as they have been reached, as to the tuberculosis case of Doctor Friedman, will be made public tomorrow.

"I cannot tell how long it will take for us to ascertain the real cause of the treatment," said Surgeon General today. "I cannot prophesy how long our board will require to feel absolutely sure in its conclusions."

In its official statement the government will state that the officers sent to travel to seek treatment from Doctor Friedman, as he will be allowed to treat only specially selected cases.

Keystone State Says No.

PHILADELPHIA, March 21.—(Associated Press Cable to the Star-Bulletin)

The state board of health has refused to issue a temporary medical license to Dr. Franz Friedrich Friedman, the Berlin tuberculosis specialist, who has been "sent" to this country, and in consequence Doctor Friedman is not expected to be able to make any tests in this State.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)

EL PASO, Texas, March 21.—(Special to The Advertiser)—Mexicans arriving at Juarez from the south, today, declared that they were part of a firing squad which executed Abraham Gonzalez, Governor of Chihuahua under the Madero government. A fortnight ago Gonzalez was killed under the notorious "Fugitive Law," the Mexican declares.

The Chihuahua Governor, proclaimed the executioners, was killed before arriving at Torreon, while on his way from Chihuahua City to Mexico City, where he was to have been placed on trial for an alleged revolutionary plot.

At Juarez, the ex-Governor was separated from six other prisoners and, alone in a single car drawn by an engine, was hurried south.

At a quiet place north of Torreon he was removed from the car and shot, say the men who admit being present.

Gonzalez has been missing since his removal from Chihuahua nearly three weeks ago. He was one of the most prominent promoters of the Madero revolution, being a cattle broker of Chihuahua City. He was educated at Notre Dame University, South Bend, Indiana.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)

WASHINGTON, March 21.—(Special to The Advertiser)—Petticoated messengers from home in the shape of suffragists will descend upon congress when it convenes in April. One delegate from each congressional district will march in the procession on that day from a mass meeting in a downtown theater to the Capitol, each delegate to buttonhole her own particular representative and insist upon his influence towards granting the ballot for women. The senate also will be invaded.

It was announced today that these "messengers from home" also will renew the charges of incompetency against the local police for their alleged failure to protect the women in the suffrage parade on March 3. These charges will be in the form of resolutions adopted by various civic organizations in the several States.

After Arsonettes.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)

LONDON, March 21.—(Special to The Advertiser)—The police are trying to locate the suffragettes who Thursday set on fire Lady White's country home. It is believed that King George is personally interested. It is also reported that bills enlarging the power of the courts in dealing with suffragette offenders are to be introduced in the house of commons.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)

SHANGHAI, March 21.—(Special to The Advertiser)—General Sung, examiner of education, was shot and grossly wounded here late yesterday. The attack against him occurred at the railway station. His assailant escaped. General Sung was on his way to attending the opening of parliament at Peking.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)

WASHINGTON, March 22.—(By Associated Press Cable to the Star-Bulletin)

have been issued by the navy department directing Rear Admiral Cowles, commandant of the naval station at Honolulu, to proceed to San Francisco, turning over the command at Honolulu to Rear Admiral Moore.

Admiral Cowles is to relieve Rear Admiral Southard in the command of the Pacific Fleet. Admiral Southard has been assigned to the general board and ordered to report at Washington.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)

PLYMOUTH, Massachusetts, March 21.—(Special to The Advertiser)—Another arrest is expected as the result of the mysterious poisoning of Rear Admiral Eaton at his home in Norwell, Massachusetts. The name of the local suspect is being kept a close secret by the police.

A special grand jury will convene here next week to consider the latest proposed arrest.

Following reports that the arsenic with which Eaton's death was caused was purchased here, the police are busy today endeavoring to identify the purchaser.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)

ROME, March 21.—(Special to The Advertiser)—Vatican doctors admit that heart failure might attack Pope Pius unless he soon rallies from his present weakness.

Since he has been stricken with influenza he has been listless and inactive.

(By Federal Wireless Telegraph.)

CHIPPWRECKED SAILORS LIVE ON WALRUS MEAT

NOME, Alaska, March 21.—(By Associated Press Cable to the Star-Bulletin)

A member of the crew of the schooner Kittiwack today brought the news that the schooner Kittiwack and Moras were wrecked last fall on the Siberian coast, the surviving party living on walrus meat and berries.

BEST LINTIMENT.

Slight accidents and injuries are a frequent occurrence on the farm and in the workshop. A cut or bruise which is often the cause of much annoyance and loss of time, may be cured in about one-third the time usually required by applying Chamberlain's Pain Balm as soon as the injury is received. There is no danger of blood poisoning resulting from an injury when this lintiment is applied before the parts become inflamed and swollen. For by Chamberlain's Pain Balm, agents for the Star-Bulletin.

GIVE CONGRESS FACTS AND FIGURES

THEN ASK THAT SUGAR TARIFF RATES BE NOT CUT TOO RUINOUSLY.

(From Saturday Advertiser)

"In the 'Passing Hour' section of today's Advertiser," said Representative Archer Irwin of Hilo yesterday, "Mr. C. W. Ashford is named as a free sugar Democrat, presumably from an interpretation of his letter published in the same issue of the paper."

"I do not see how such a conclusion can be drawn from his remarks. Mr. Ashford simply warns the Democrats of this Territory that if they want a just settlement of this question of tariff on sugar, they must come into court with clean hands and in good company and not with the association of standpatters or high protectionists."

"The special session of congress that will soon convene is called for the one purpose of tariff legislation, with the pledged word of the party in power to revise it downward, and any men or combination of men, or industry or combination of industries, that may come before this congress with the publicly expressed purpose of standing pat, will so discredit themselves with the powers that be, that they will not get even that which is necessary to keep some of our plantations from becoming financial failures."

"My suggestion, as a Democrat in accord with the Baltimore platform, which, by the way, had no free sugar platform, is, that the representative of the Hawaiian Sugar Planters' Association should go before the tariff committee with true figures of the cost of production of a ton of sugar, on each plantation in his group. Each and every plantation can tell, to a fraction of a cent, what has been the cost of a ton of sugar of any year for years back."

"Then, why not come forward with these most important figures; lay them on the table and say, 'Gentlemen, here are truthful (three marks under 'truthful') figures; do what you can for us and do your best to save us from financial ruin.'"

"Four years ago the American people returned the Republican party to power with a mandate to lower the tariff. With the arrogance born of a long period of power, from the pressure of vested interests and great corporations diligently milked for the munitions of war to continue that power, the Grand Old Party trampled under foot its pledges, with the result, the present 'debacle' of that party."

"Let us make up our minds that we are going to have a revision downward, and get out pencil and paper to estimate how much of a cut we can stand and still keep afloat."

"Don't let us waste our strength in trying to keep the tariff where it is, but rather let us try legal and logical means to keep it from sliding below a proven point of low-water mark."

AFTER A WHILE LANE WILL SPEAK.

By Ernest G. Walker.

(Mail Special to The Advertiser.)

WASHINGTON, March 10.—The campaign for the governorship of Hawaii is on. As Honolulu people already know, Gilbert J. Walker, one of the aspirants, has been in Washington. He paid his respects to President Wilson but had little or no opportunity to talk about his aspirations, as there is an order barring office seekers from prosecuting their claims before the President himself. Mr. Walker also had a few words with Secretary of the Interior Lane and then went away home to Honolulu.

The claims of "Link" McCandless have not been ignored by his friends. John H. Wilson has been here, urging Secretary Lane to name "Link" as Governor of Hawaii's successor and this very day Hugh C. Todd, national committeeman from Washington State, led a delegation of northwestern Democrats to the White House to speak a good word in "Link's" behalf. They also asked that Palmer P. Wood be nominated to the senate for secretary of the Territory.

After a While.

The new administration is a little too busy yet, however, to give very close attention to the selection of a Governor for Hawaii. Secretary Lane says that he hopes to be able to take the matter up after a while but can not do so until he has attended to matters of reorganization in the department.

No one can say yet what the outcome of the campaign for the governorship will be. However, Secretary Lane is a man of fine character and excellent ability and his disposition will be to select a capable Democrat for Governor of Hawaii and to recommend to the President that that man be nominated. He will undoubtedly conduct extensive inquiries before he makes up his mind. Mr. Lane lived for years on the Pacific Coast and as a resident of San Francisco is not altogether unfamiliar with conditions in Hawaii.

Friend of Hawaii.

There is every prospect that Hawaiian business will be given friendly and sympathetic consideration by the new secretary of the interior. It is inevitable, of course, that he may have difficulty in arriving at the true condition of affairs with reference to the sugar and purely Hawaiian matters that come before him for consideration. But the secretary is the kind of man who digs to the very bottom for information before he acts and he will seek to dispose of Hawaiian official business for the best interests of the Islands.

Bristow Compromise.

The tariff situation has not changed materially here in recent days. The ways and means committee announced the other day a decision in favor of free sugar but that was expected. It does not mean, as has been explained in this correspondence, that free sugar is by any means secured. On the contrary there is the same prospect as heretofore, that the senate will insist upon retaining the present duties and that the outcome will be a compromise, something along the lines of the Bristow provision brought forward in the last congress.

LEGISLATURE TO PASS MEMORIAL

OFFICIAL ACTION ON THE SUGAR TARIFF WILL BE TAKEN—RUSH WORK.

(From Saturday Advertiser)

Before the end of next week it is expected that the territorial legislature will act upon a memorial to congress for the continuance of the tariff on sugar. This memorial is now being carefully prepared and it is asserted that a canvass of the legislature shows that it will be endorsed practically unanimously, by Democrats as well as by Republicans.

This memorial will, it is hoped, have some effect, coming as it will from the legislature of the Territory, and it will contain some of the strongest arguments for a continuation of the sugar tariff which can be set forth.

This, however, is only one of the many methods which are under way to bring to the attention of congress the fact that ruin for a great industry and consequent hardship upon the hundreds of thousands of citizens and others of the United States will follow a removal of the tariff. At a meeting of the organization committee headed by Ed Towse, as a sub-committee of the sugar protection committee, which is in charge of the campaign, yesterday, scores of letters to legislators in Washington and to other prominent men of the mainland were submitted, all of which went out on the Sonoma mail last evening.

Headquarters to Open.

Incidentally the final arrangements were made for the opening of the committee's headquarters in the "Beehive" service rooms with Assistant Secretary George Henshall in charge. The headquarters will be formally opened Monday morning at ten o'clock, at which time a meeting of the committee will be held there at which a number of prominent citizens have been invited to attend.

By that time Chairman George R. Carter will have returned from Hilo, where he and A. L. C. Atkinson went on Thursday to organize the campaign among the members of the Hilo Board of Trade and other prominent citizens of the Big Island.

At the meeting of the Maunaloa Improvement Club last evening in the tennis clubhouse President Fred L. Waldron, who is also a member of the central committee in charge of the sugar protection campaign, was authorized to appoint a committee of five residents of Maunaloa to canvass the district and concentrate efforts upon various congressmen in Washington. It was also resolved to appropriate \$100 to the campaign fund.

Letter Is Unique One.

While many strong letters have been sent out, the following is so unusual in its way, so distinctive, that it is sure to interest. The names are not given, as it is a personal letter to an exceedingly prominent man wielding much influence in Washington:

"My dear Louis:—Are you taking any interest in the tariff question?"

"We all are out here, just as a patient would whose case was such that the doctors were debating whether to take off two legs or one, without convincing him that there was any amputation necessary."

"Hawaii is the patient in this case, the youngest and prettiest of Uncle Sam's family. If he deprives her of part of his protection it will make her very lame; the loss of the whole of it won't leave her a leg to stand on."

"I first knew the child when she was merely an infant protégée of his; a poor, little, Hawaiian girl, unaccustomed to the ways and wiles of the great world, but very willing to become worthy of her kind protector. Like many other little girls, however, white as well as brown, she was not overburdened with common sense and gave way to the allurements of prosperity, entered questionable company, put out a metaphorical tongue at her Uncle and presumed so much on his good nature that, after much hesitation, he decided to adopt her and legalize his authority; a fortunate decision for both of them."

"That was in the days of his former housekeeper who was always very kind to little Hawaii and gave her all the preference that was going, especially to encourage her in the production of sweet and pretty things, like sugar and pineapples, but now that Mrs. Democracy is in charge of the White House, it is being assumed that the young woman does not need so much encouragement or at least not so much, and that it will be better for the family to go to market for its sugar than to use the home-made article, which is, of course, a great fallacy from the Hawaiian point of view, and the object of this letter is to ask you to try and get the Kentucky senators, with whom you are acquainted, no doubt, to take an interest in this thing, the right sort of interest, the interest taken by Senator Lodge of Massachusetts, so that when you pay us that promised visit, we shall not have any abandoned sugar estates to show you."

CREMATION ARGUMENT STIRS CHURCH CIRCLES

WASHINGTON, March 11.—Dr. W. C. Woodward, health officer of the District of Columbia, has precipitated a sharp controversy on the question of cremation which is stirring church circles. Catholic and Protestant clergymen have taken up the matter and are denouncing as "pagan" such disposition of the dead. The controversy has reached the newspaper stage, and arguments for and against cremation are being their way into print.

"I believe it is the only sanitary way of disposing of the dead," said Dr. Woodward yesterday, "and surely it is the only poetic way. I hope to see cremation extended."

Mrs. William F. Russell, pastor of St. Patrick's Catholic Church, declared that cremation "was against the teachings of Christianity." He declared that it was contrary to the tenets of Catholicism and that such disposition of the bodies of the departed was "reverting to the days of Rome."